

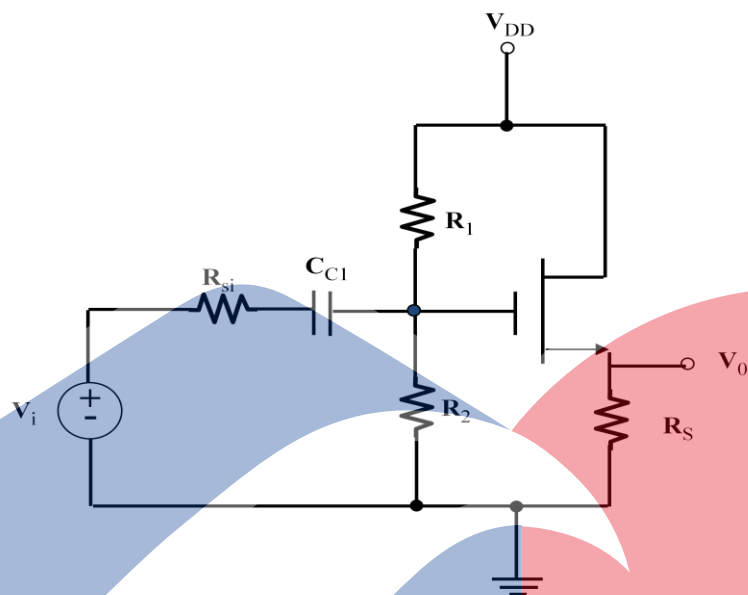
# Chapter 4. 基本場效電晶體(FET)放大器(Basic FET Amplifiers)

## 4.3 共汲極放大器-源極隨耦器(Source Follower)

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#### 1. 步驟(一)DC 分析



A. 假設 M 工作於 SAT

B. 計算

$$V_G = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} V_{DD}$$

$$i_D = k_n (V_{GS} - V_{TN})^2 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$V_S = I_D R_S$$

$$V_{GS} = V_G - V_S = V_G - I_D R_S \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

①代入②解二次方程式後可得 $I_D$

將 $I_D$ 代入①中做驗證,  $V_{GS} > V_{TN}$  求得 $I_D$ 、 $V_{GS}$

C. 驗證

$$V_{GS} > V_{TN}$$

$$V_{DS} > V_{DS(SAT)} = V_{GS} - V_{TN}$$

2. 步驟(二)AC 分析

A. 畫等效電路圖

求戴維寧等效電路

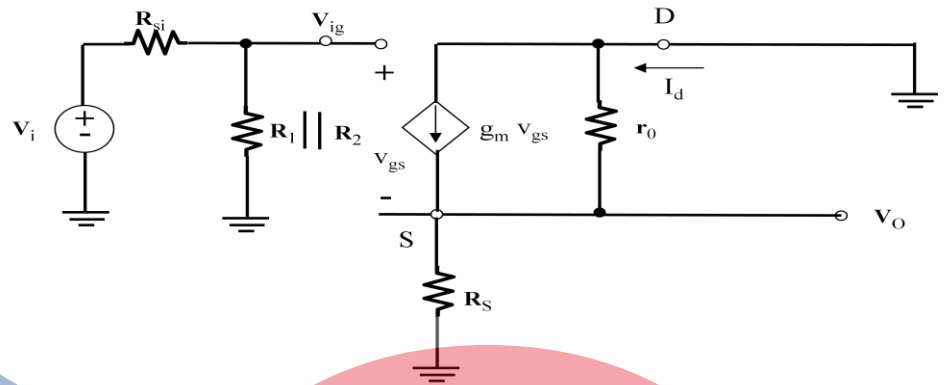
$$R_{TH} = R_1 \parallel R_2$$

B. 計算參數

$$g_m = 2\sqrt{k_n I_D}$$

$$r_o = (\lambda I_D)^{-1}$$

C. 求  $A_V$ 、 $R_{in}$ 、 $R_{out}$



$$v_o = g_m v_{gs} (r_o \parallel R_S) \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$v_{ig} = \frac{R_{TH}}{R_{TH} + R_{si}} v_i$$

$$v_{ig} - v_{gs} = v_o$$

$$v_{gs} = \frac{R_{TH}}{R_{TH} + R_{si}} v_i - v_o \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

由(2)代入(1)  $v_o = g_m \left[ \frac{R_{TH}}{R_{TH} + R_{si}} v_i - v_o \right] (r_o \parallel R_S)$

$$v_o = g_m \frac{R_{TH}}{R_{TH} + R_{si}} v_i (r_o \parallel R_S) - g_m v_o (r_o \parallel R_S)$$

$$[1 + g_m (r_o \parallel R_S)] v_o = g_m \frac{R_{TH}}{R_{TH} + R_{si}} v_i (r_o \parallel R_S)$$

$$\text{可得 } A_V = \frac{v_o}{v_i} = \frac{-g_m R_{TH}}{1 + g_m (r_o \parallel R_S)} (r_o \parallel R_S)$$

$$R_{in} = R_{TH} = R_1 \parallel R_2$$

$$R_{out} = \frac{r_o \parallel R_S}{1 + g_m (r_o \parallel R_S)}$$